## PRACTICE SET

# ACCOUNTING FOR INVENTORIES

### I. ALTERNATIVE VALUATION METHODS

Instructions: Given the following information, calculate the value of the 4,000 units of ending inventory.

April 10 Pur Aug. 30 Pur	inning Inventory chase chase chase	1,000 units @ 2,000 units @ 3,000 units @ 4,000 units @ 10,000	\$4.30	\$ 4,200 8,600 13,200 18,000 \$44,000
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#### SPECIFIC IDENTIFICATION METHOD (SI)

1,000 units from Beginning Inventory

1,500 units from April 10 Purchase

1,000 units from Aug. 30 Purchase

500 units from Dec. 22 Purchase 4,000 units

\$17,300

FIRST-IN, FIRST-OUT METHOD (FIFO)

\$18,000

LAST-IN, FIRST-OUT METHOD (LIFO)

\$17,200

WEIGHTED AVERAGE METHOD (WA)

= \$17,600

#### II. COMPARING METHODS

Instructions: Using the inventory values calculated above, fill in the chart below and analyze the effect of the different methods on Income Statement and Balance Sheet values.

	SI	FIFO	LIFO	WA
Sales Cost of Goods Sold:	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$100,000
Beginning Inventory	10,400	10,400	10,400	10,400
Purchases Cost of Goods Available Less Ending Inventory	\$57,500	\$57,500	\$57,500	\$57,500
Cost of Goods Sold	-	-		
Gross Profit on Sales	\$59,800			12 12

Note: We are going to leave Linda's Video Showcase for the rest of this Practice Set. Her adventure will return next Practice Set.

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